

OKO M3 Initializer Quick Start Guide (FPV Mode)

The following quick start procedure is for use with the OKO M3 in its standard FPV Mode.

Note: The M3 can be used as a stand-alone initializer or connected to the flight controller of the drone. For a guide on how to set up the Permit Switches (connected to the flight controller), see the M3 Permit Switch Setup document.

- 1) Rip open the white label and hold the red pull pin string.
If the white label has already been broken or ripped opened, it is highly recommended to run the field test before deployment.
- 2) Test the battery. Remove the red pull pin from the M3 to turn on the device. It should slow blink green.
If the Yellow LED is shown, please replace the battery.
- 3) Reinsert the red pull pin and remove the green block terminal.
- 4) Connect the 4-pin JST-XH4 connector that is soldered to the flight controller pads to the white reciprocal terminal on the M3.
- 5) Connect the igniter wires to the green block terminal. Ensure the leads are properly secured and cannot be pulled out.
- 6) Attach the explosive and the M3 to the drone. Ideally, the M3 should be mounted to the rear portion of the explosive or somewhere on the drone (frame). It is important that the M3 is mounted tightly and cannot move.
- 7) Securely attach the green block terminal to the M3 terminal connector.
A click will be heard or felt, verifying it is properly plugged in.
- 8) Power on the M3 by removing the red plastic pull tab (string attached). The Green LED will blink slowly. RED LED should be OFF.¹
- 9) Turn the drone motors on, but not fast enough to fly the drone.
Green LED should start the sequence: 2 Blinks & Pause, indicating that motors have been detected
If Motors are turned off the Green LED will return to the slow blink pattern
- 10) Increase motor RPM to fly the drone.
LED's will start blinking at a medium rate, indicating hovering has been detected.
If the drone lands and motors are turned off, the LED pattern will again return to the slow blink pattern.
- 11) Fly the drone quickly in a direction for 20 meters and bring it back to observe the LED pattern.
LED's will start blinking quickly indicating flight has been detected.
NOTE: Although not necessary, it is strongly recommended for the operator to observe the LEDs to ensure flight was detected (Green LED fast blink). OKO Systems recommends this step be followed when a new drone or drone frame is used for the first time – as flight detection may change with drone construction and/or frame size.
NOTE: If the drone lands and motors are turned off before the arming cycle begins, the LED pattern will again return to the slow blink pattern.
- 12) Once Flight has been detected and T1 time has passed (default 30 seconds) the unit will enter "Arming Control".

- 13) The Green LED should begin to blink at a medium rate while the Red LED is off. This is indication that “Permit Switch” has been enabled and the M3 is awaiting manual arming and detonation commands. At this point, both ARM and DETONATION switches are OFF, meaning the explosive can be safely disarmed by placing the red pull pin back into the M3 and disconnecting the igniter connector from the M3 green terminal connector.
- 14) Manually arm the M3 by toggling the ARM switch to ON on your handheld controller (order of switches does not matter, the first switch will always be used for arming, and the second for detonation).
- The unit will begin its arming cycle, the Green LED will fast blink and the Red LED will slow blink for approximately 3 seconds.*

Unit is Now Armed (Munition is Hot)

- 15) Once the RED LED starts flashing quickly, the unit is armed and ready to initiate.
- At this point if an impact is detected or if the manual detonation command is sent to the M3, it will result in detonation.***
- 16) To Disarm the unit, toggle the ARM switch to OFF on your handheld controller. This will return the unit to the “Arming Control” state (Step 13), rendering the unit safe to handle.²
- 17) **To detonate the explosive, toggle DETONATION switch to ON.**
- The M3 will source the pulse to the igniter and all status LEDs will turn off.*

NOTE 1: To prevent PWM false signal detonation, the M3 requires the toggle switches to be silent for an extended period of time before they are permitted to be used for arming and detonation. This is to compensate for the scenario where the motors/PWM play a “jingle” on power on.

NOTE 2: OKO Systems recommends that the red pull tab be reinserted and warhead disconnected from the initializer before handling the drone/warhead – even if the arming switch is set to OFF (safe).

Configuring Parameters / Configure Initializer

Parameters are configured and unit is optimised using the Android OKO-M3 App.

The OKO-M3 App will only work with compatible M3 hardware.

The App will run on all Android devices including phones and Tablets. App will NOT run on IOS.

Connect the M3 unit by first connecting the programming module to your android device via USB-C or Micro-B connector (note – the programmer connects to Android via cables on the side with both USB-C and Micro-B connectors) See Appendix B for the diagram.

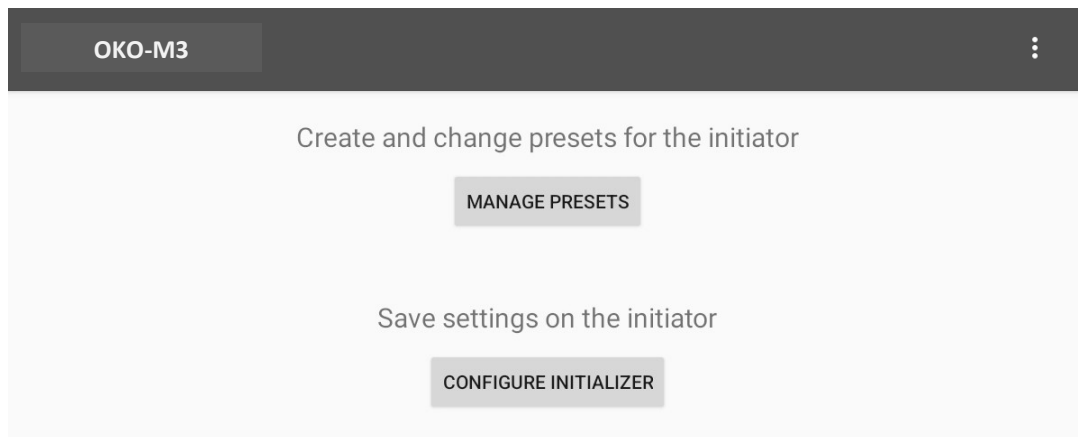
NOTE: If you have established the connection and no status LEDs are displayed on either the Programming Board or the M3, try unplugging the USB Type-C connector from the android device, flip it, and then reconnect.

Connect M3 unit via the supplied Micro-B cable to the programmer.

NOTE1: if the M3 unit is plugged into any regular USB port it will NOT be recognised. No harm will occur to either port but the unit will not be detected.

OK permissions to allow OKO-M3 app to access FTDI hardware.

Select “CONFIGURE INITIALIZER” button under the heading “Save settings on INITIALIZER”



The M3 unit does not need to be powered on (tab removed), it will power on in a non firing state by using power from the Android device. The unit in this state cannot create an initialisation pulse as the charge capacitor is grounded/disabled.

The M3 unit should be recognised and the on-board parameters read. If it is not, press the “DISCONNECT” button and then the “CONNECT” button.

Scroll down to the “Settings” and modify any settings as desired and required.

NOTE: if you attempt to enter a setting below the minimum, it will set the parameter to the minimum value. If you attempt to enter a setting above the maximum, it will set the parameter to the maximum value.

To program/save the new values to the unit, press “SAVE SETTINGS TO BOARD”. The app will reply with “Settings saved to board”.

Restoring Factory Defaults

Factory defaults can be set to the unit by pressing the “FACTORY DEFAULTS” button in the M3 app once the board has been detected. No further action is necessary.

Saving Various Profiles for Programming Later

By using the sub section “Create and change presets for the INITIALIZER”, various parameter / profiles can be created and saved within the app.

Select “Manage Presets”

← OKO-M3 Manage Presets

Presets configuration list:

| | | | |
|------------|------|------|------|
| 1. Unnamed | NAME | READ | SAVE |
| 2. Empty | NAME | READ | SAVE |
| 3. Empty | NAME | READ | SAVE |
| 4. Empty | NAME | READ | SAVE |
| 5. Empty | NAME | READ | SAVE |

READ BOARD FACTORY DEFAULTS

Initializer detected

Firmware Version: 5.00

Creating a brand new Preset

No unit needs to be connected

Select “FACTORY DEFAULTS” to populate parameters or select a previously programmed Preset by selecting “READ” for that preset

Modify Parameters as desired

Select a Preset Slot from the “Presets configuration list:” by saving to that entry

The preset name can be changed by selecting “NAME”

Saving Parameters from a pre-programmed unit as a Preset

Connect Unit

Select “Read Board”

The screenshot shows the 'OKO-M3 Initializer Programming' screen. At the top, there is a back arrow and the title 'OKO-M3 Initializer Programming'. Below the title, the 'Firmware Version' is 5.00 and the 'Product Version' is blank. A status bar indicates 'Initializer detected'. There are two buttons: 'SEARCH DEVICE' and 'DISCONNECT'. Below this is the 'Presets configuration list:' section, which contains a table with 6 rows. Each row has a preset name, a 'READ' button, and a 'SAVE PRESET TO BOARD' button. The 6th row is 'Factory defaults' and has a 'FACTORY DEFAULTS' button instead of a 'SAVE' button. At the bottom, there are two more buttons: 'SAVE SETTINGS TO BOARD' and 'READ BOARD'.

| Preset Name | READ | SAVE PRESET TO BOARD |
|--------------------|------|----------------------|
| 1.Unnamed | READ | SAVE PRESET TO BOARD |
| 2.Empty | READ | SAVE PRESET TO BOARD |
| 3.Empty | READ | SAVE PRESET TO BOARD |
| 4.Empty | READ | SAVE PRESET TO BOARD |
| 5.Empty | READ | SAVE PRESET TO BOARD |
| 6.Factory defaults | | FACTORY DEFAULTS |

App will indicate Success or Failure of Read and Parameters will be displayed

Modify, if needed, any Parameters

Select a Preset Slot from the “Presets configuration list:” Save the entry to your preferred preset slot by clicking on the save button next to the slot number.

The name can be Changed by selecting “NAME”

Programming Presets to a unit

Select “CONFIGURE INITIALIZER” from the top menu screen

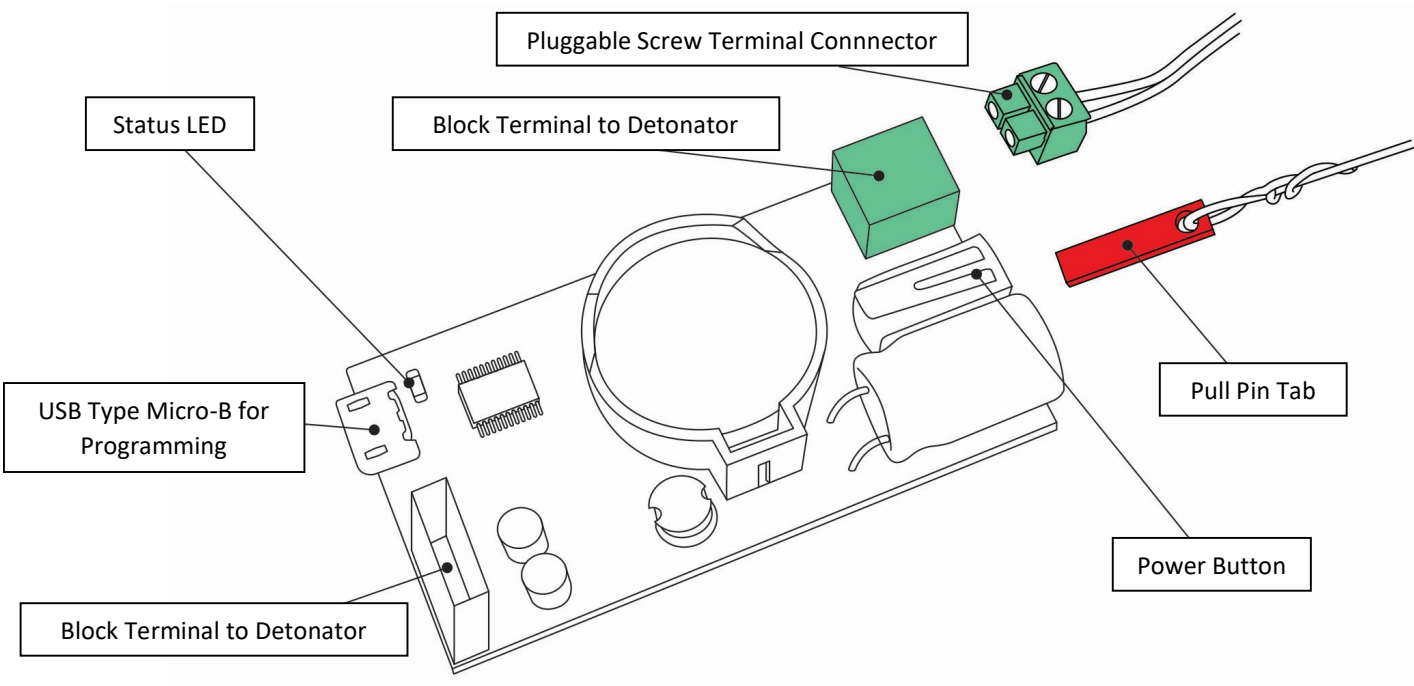
Connect Unit

If board is not Auto Detected select “Search Device” – sometimes you may need to “DISCONNECT” and then “CONNECT” again

Select “SAVE PRESET TO BOARD” button beside Preset desired in “Presets configuration list:” section

Board should be programmed.

Appendix A



Appendix B

